

# ACES Gamut Mapping

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User Testing Summary - November 2020

# Background

Users of ACES are experiencing problems with out of gamut colors and the resulting artifacts (loss of texture, intensification of color fringes). This occurs at two stages in the pipeline.

- Conversion from camera raw RGB or from the manufacturer's encoding space into ACES AP0
- Conversion from ACES AP0 into the working color space ACES AP1

The current workaround is to utilize the “Blue Highlight LMT” - but this solution is incomplete and too specific to blue values. It also affects all pixels, as opposed to just offending out of gamut values.

# From January to November

## Research

We spent time researching and testing different methods of gamut mapping - from existing published methods that rely on CAMs to studio-specific work.

## Algorithm Development

Once we settled on an algorithm model, we worked on deriving objective defaults, implementing in different DCCs and languages, and forming a repository for revision control.

## User Testing

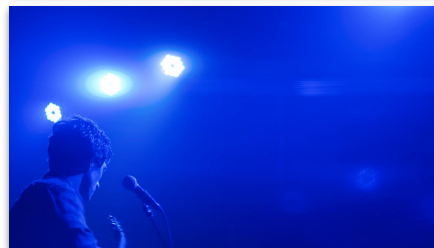
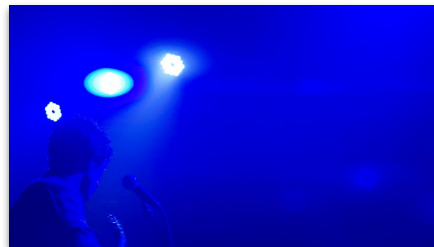
We collected imagery that demonstrated our problem set from major camera manufacturers, created test scenarios for compositors and colorists (6-10 each), and collected feedback to correlate via a google form.

# User Testing

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- Colorist

# Footage Examples



# Colorist - Key Takeaways

- All Colorist feedback so far is in Resolve (we're working on getting some Baselight feedback still)
- 6 total responses
- Half had access to HDR monitors

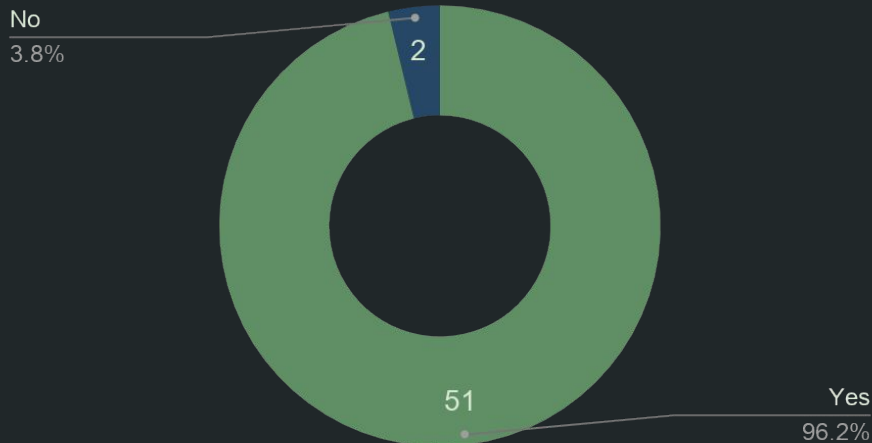
# Colorist - Key Takeaways

Overwhelmingly, colorists stated the gamut mapping tool helped them complete their work.

## Feedback highlights:

- “I found it easier to recover tones and keep color in the highlights when compared to the FixHighlights DCTL. Also not changing every pixel in the image is good for keeping original intent.”
- “Without Gamut Mapper, clipped highlights had to be manually keyed and desaturated.”
- “Particularly, in this scene I managed to make about 3 color variations in a very simple and natural way, without using a qualifier”

Did using the GM make your work easier?



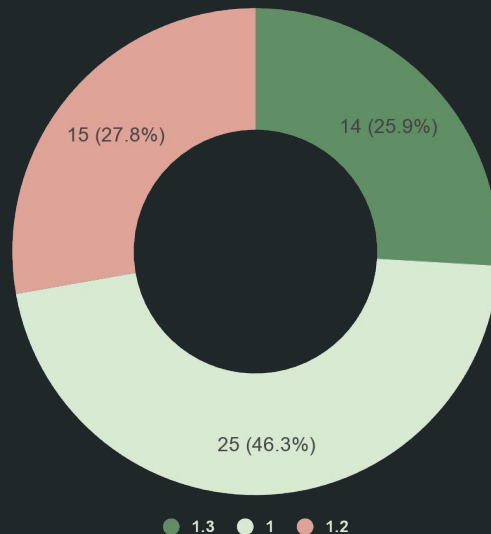
# Colorist - Key Takeaways

The “Power” setting adjusts the shape of the compression function. A lower value will “roll-off” earlier and “softer”.

Feedback highlights:

- In SDR, trends toward lower (less saturated)
- In HDR, trends toward higher
- In SDR, harder to see a difference so many chose our default value (1.2)

What Power setting do you prefer? (aggregate over 9 questions)

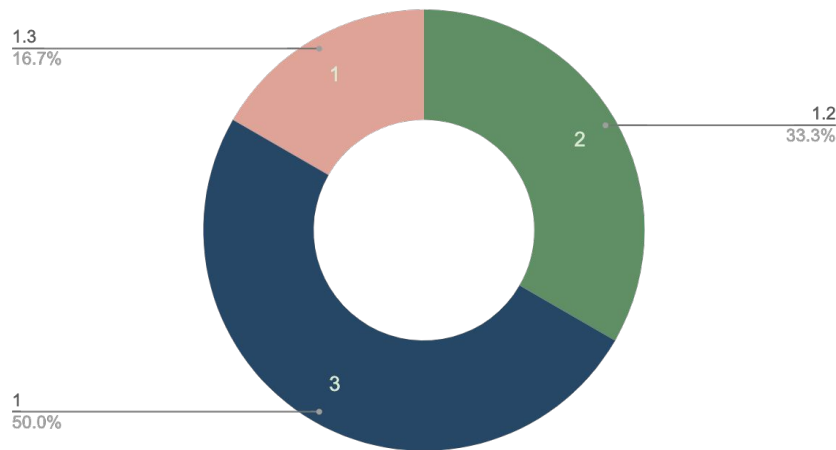




# Colorist - Closing thoughts

- 100% responded that the Gamut Mapper would solve 80-90% of their issues out of the box
- Most would prefer larger access to settings / control

If you had to pick one overall Power setting, what would it be?

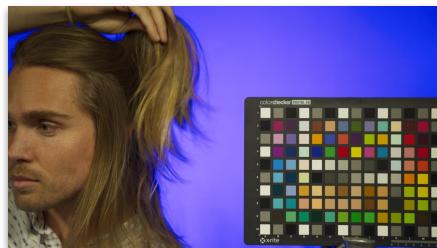
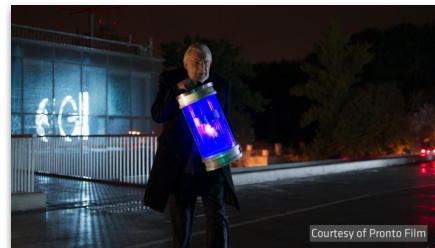
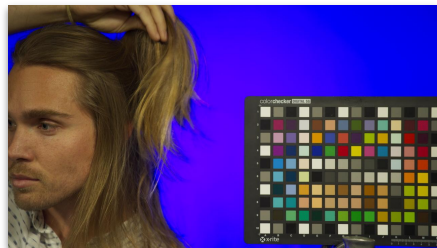


# User Testing

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- Compositor

# Footage Examples



# Compositor - Key Takeaways

- All Compositor feedback is from Nuke
- 10 total responses
- None had access to true HDR monitors

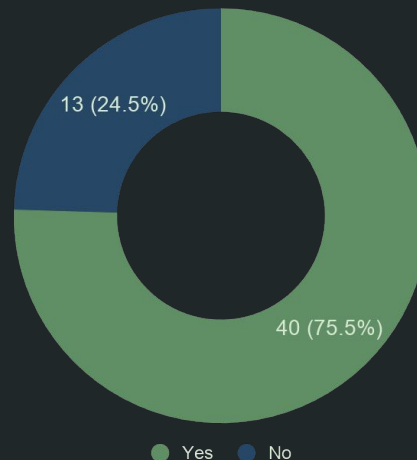
# Compositor - Key Takeaways

75% of composers stated the gamut mapping tool helped them complete their work.

## Feedback highlights:

- “Gamut compression makes more difficult to key motion-blurred and semi-transparent areas of the hair. Transition from solid FG to Blue Screen gets a strong purple cast after the gamut compression. With a simple Keylight extraction better results are obtained with straight ACEScg source.”
- “The gamut mapper helped reducing the artifacts around the highlights in the image which helps when applying any type of filtering or convolving in this instance.”
- “The gamut mapper helps again a lot with the noise floor for the de-noise operation (neat video 5.3)”
- “The Gamut Mapper node fixes negative values coming from blue light. Atmospheric element looks better and more natural when comped over non negative values. Part of the atmospheric effect includes blurring the footage through the atmospheric element alpha. This also work better with non negative values.”

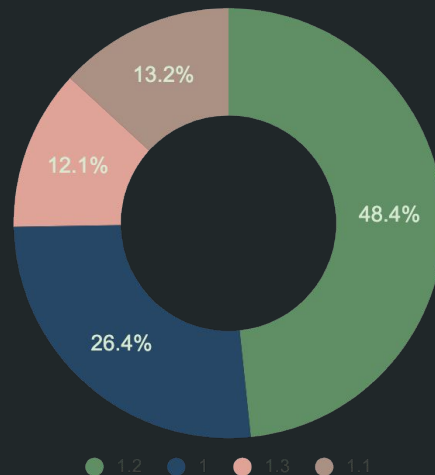
Did using the Gamut Mapper make your work easier?



# Compositor - Key Takeaways

Power setting seemed to matter less overall to compositors - less about the look, more about the function. The majority picked the default (1.2) as they didn't observe much of a difference between the options.

What Power setting do you prefer on this footage? (Aggregate)



# Closing Thoughts - Negative

- “It needs more flexibility. The 'power' value isn't sufficient to adjust the compression. It needs to be adjustable to work out best settings for different footage.”
- “I wish the range of Power setting is much wider than what it is now. The difference between 1.0~1.3 is very minimal and wish it offers a little more distinctive outcomes.”
- “Again I wonder if there are any thoughts to tweak the mapping of blue/purple hues a little more. Visually I find AWG does a better handling of this. For red hues the mapper does a fantastic job.”
- “As mentioned, it behaved very well in most situations. The only issue I've found was the artifact in the highlights in two examples.”

# Closing Thoughts - Positive

- “I found the tool was most effective when carrying out despill operations and colour grading. After doing this test I would say I whole-heartedly support it!”
- “Gamut Mapper fixes most artifacting and clipping without changing overall color and contrast. Other dctl's desaturate most hues, shift blue to cyan and do not solve clipped reds and yellows.”
- “I think this would bring us forward, all the shows now use more than one camera and we need to be able to solve for that in colour.”
- “In these specific examples, except for keying, all the other processes benefit from have the out of gamut color brought into a better workable range.”
- “I spent a bit of time just trying to break it but I'm finding that it's giving a really great base right away. It's eliminating those terrible hard edges and giving a really nice rolloff right away which actually gets me very excited about this project.”



# Conclusions / Next Steps

- 100% (across colorists and compositors) stated that having access to this gamut mapping tool would make them more likely to work in ACES in the future!
- We received no “showstopper” feedback and feel confident in moving towards an architecture deliverable
- We have a few things to follow up on - effects on ability to despill keys (shows that ability to bypass is important), whether or not to handle HDR settings differently
- A few pieces of feedback (availability and modification of settings, overall workflow questions) that we will move to when the Implementation group starts up.